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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/518,063	01/18/2005	Arthur Steiger	H-33212A	3478
74479 7590 07/28/2908 Novartis Animal Health US Inc. 3200 Northline Avenue, Suite 300			EXAMINER	
			SHIAO, REI TSANG	
Greensboro, NC 27408			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1626	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			07/28/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Application No. Applicant(s) 10/518.063 STEIGER ET AL. Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit REI-TSANG SHIAO 1626 -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS. WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 07 April 2008. 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) Claim(s) 1-20.22-25.27 and 32-42 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-20,22-25,27 and 32-42 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are; a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abevance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

a) All b) Some * c) None of:

Attachment(s) 1) Solice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2] Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Sustementisty (PTO-950ce) Paper No(s)Mail Date 727.06, 12/15.04	4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)Mail Date. 5) I stoller of Informal Patent Application 6) Other:	

12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).

2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage

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application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

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DETAILED ACTION

1. This application claims benefit of the foreign application:

UNITED KINGDOM 02141117.4 with a filing date 06/19/2002.

2. Amendment including cancellation of claim 21, 26 and 28-31 in the amendment filed on April 07, 2008 is acknowledged. Claims 1-20, 22-25, 27 and 32-42 are pending in the application.

Information Disclosure Statement

Applicant's Information Disclosure Statements filed on July 21, 2006 and
 December 15, 2004 have been considered. Please refer to Applicant's copies of the
 1449's submitted herein.

Responses to Election/Restriction

4. Applicant's election with traverse of election of Group I claims 1-20, 22-25, 27 and 32-42, in part, in the reply filed on April 07, 2008 is acknowledged. The traversal is on the grounds that Applicants respectfully submit that the Office has not provided an appropriate lack of unity requirement, and MPEP 1893.03 is cited. This is found persuasive, in part, and the reasons are given *infra*.

Claims 1-20, 22-25, 27 and 32-42 are pending in the application. The scope of the invention of the elected subject matter is as follows.

Claims 1-20, 22-25, 27 and 32-42, in part, drawn to compounds of formula (I), wherein the variable R_1 - R_6 independently does not represent heteoaryl or heterocyclic ring thereof, the variable R_1 - R_6 independently is not substituted with heteoaryl or

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heterocyclic ring thereof, the variables R_4 and R_5 together with the carbon atoms to which they are bonded, are not a five- to seven-membered ring thereof, and their processes of making and methods of use.

The claims 1-20, 22-25, 27 and 32-42 herein lack unity of invention under PCT rule 13.1 and 13.2 since the compounds defined in the claims lack a significant structural element qualifying as the special technical feature that defines a contribution over the prior art, see Eberle et al. US 7,368,479. Eberle et al. disclose similar compounds as the instant invention. Accordingly, unity of invention is considered to be lacking and restriction of the invention in accordance with the rules of unity of invention is considered to be proper. Furthermore, even if unity of invention under 37 CFR 1.475(a) is not lacking, which it is lacking, under 37 CFR 1.475(b) a national stage application containing claims to different categories of invention will be considered to have unity of invention if the claims are drawn only to one of the following combinations:

- (1) A product and a process specially adapted for the manufacture of said product', or
- (2) A product and a process of use of said product; or
- (3) A product, a process specially adapted for the manufacture of the said product, and a use of the said product; or
- (4) A process and an apparatus or means specifically designed for carrying out the said process; or
- (5) A product, a process specially adapted for the manufacture of the said product, and an apparatus or means specifically designed for carrying out the said process.

And, according to 37 CFR 1.475(c)

if an application contains claims to more or less than one of the combinations of categories of invention set forth in paragraph (b), unity of invention might not be present.

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However, it is noted that unity of invention is considered lacking under 37 CFR 1.475(a) and (b). Therefore, since the claims are drawn to more than a product, and according to 37 CFR 1.475 (e)

the determination whether a group of inventions is so linked as to form a single general inventive concept shall be made without regard to whether the inventions are claimed in separate claims or as alternatives within a single claim.

The claims lack unity of invention and should be limited to only a product, or a process for the preparation, or a use of the said product. In the instant case, Groups I-II are drawn to various products, processes of making, and the final products do not contain a common technical feature or structure, and do not define a contribution over the prior art, i.e., similar compounds having aryl or heteroaryl moiety. Moreover, the examiner must perform a commercial database search on the subject matter of each group in addition to a paper search, which is quite burdensome to the examiner.

Claims 1-20, 22-25, 27 and 32-42, in part, embraced in above elected subject matter, are prosecuted in the case. Claims 1-20, 22-25, 27 and 32-42, in part, not embraced in above elected subject matter, are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a nonelected invention.

The requirement is still deemed proper and therefore made FINAL.

Double Patenting

5. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent

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and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Omum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1-20, 22-25, 27 and 32-42 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 1 of Eberle et al. US 7,368,479. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other and reasons are as follows.

Applicants claim compounds of formula (I), i.e.,

, wherein the variable R1 represents aryl, the

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variable R2 represents aryl or alkyl substituted with R7 and R7 represents aryl, and the variable X represents O or S. see claim 1.

Eberle et al. claim compounds of formula (I), i.e.,

$$Ar_i - X = \begin{bmatrix} R_1 \\ R_2 \\ R_3 \end{bmatrix}_k \begin{bmatrix} R_2 \\ N \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} R_3 \\ N \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} R_4 \\ R_3 \end{bmatrix}_k W \begin{bmatrix} R_7 \\ R_8 \end{bmatrix}_k Ar_2$$

, wherein the variable X represents a direct bond,

the variable a is 1, the variable W is O, the variable AR1 or Ar2 represent phenyl (i.e., aryl), See column 93-95.

The difference between the instant claims and Eberle et al. is that the instant variable R2 represents aryl or alkyl, while Eberle et al. represents aryl at the same position. Eberle et al. compounds overlap with the instant invention.

One having ordinary skill in the art would find the instant claims 1-20, 22-25, 27 and 32-42 prima facie obvious **because** one would be motivated to employ the compounds of Eberle et al. to obtain the instant compounds of formula (I). Dependent claims 2-20, 22-25, 27 and 32-42 are also rejected along with claim 1 under the obviousness-type double patenting.

The motivation to obtain the claimed compounds derives from known Eberle et al. compounds would possess similar activity (i.e., compositions for controlling parasites) to that which is claimed in the reference.

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Claims Objection

6. Claims 1-20, 22-25, 27 and 32-42 are objected to as containing non-elected subject matter, i.e., heterocyclic or heteroaryl, pyrrolidinyl, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, etc. It is suggested that applicants amend the claims to the scope of the elected subject matter as defined on the pages 2-3 supra.

7. Claim 27 is objected because of the following informalities: since claim 27 is drawn to a composition, amendment of claim 27 as a composition claim (i.e., deleting "for control of parasites") would obviate the objection.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Rei-tsang Shiao whose telephone number is (571) 272-0707. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30 AM - 5:00 PM. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Joseph K. McKane can be reached on (571) 272-0699. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should

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you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a

USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information

system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/REI-TSANG SHIAO /

Rei-tsang Shiao, Ph.D. Primary Patent Examiner Art Unit 1626

July 22, 2008